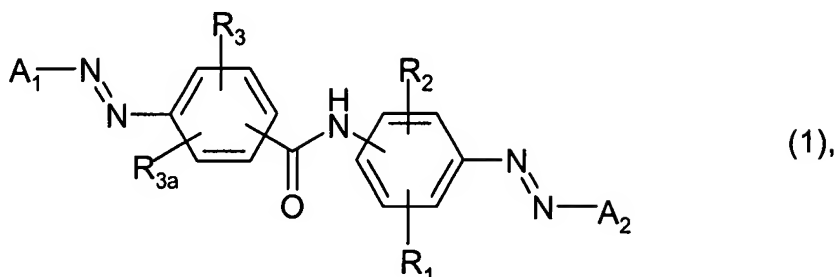


In the Claims

1. (currently amended) A compound of the formula



in which

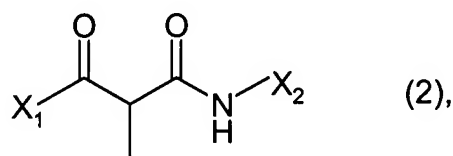
R₁ represents hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₈alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₈alkoxy or SO₃H,

R₂ represents SO₃H or CO₂H,

R₃ and R_{3a} each, independently of the other, represent hydrogen, a C₁-C₄alkyl group, which may be substituted or unsubstituted, halogen, hydroxy, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₄alkoxy, carboxy, NH₂ or NHC₁-C₄alkyl and each of the residues

A₁ and A₂, independently of the other, is ~~derived from a coupling component~~ selected from the group consisting of

an acetoacetylated amine of the formula



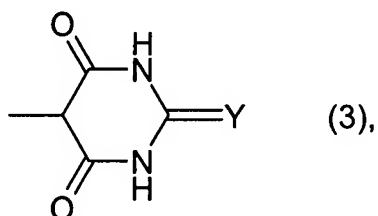
in which

X₁ represents C₁-C₄alkyl, or phenyl which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy or halogen and

X₂ represents phenyl which is unsubstituted, mono-, di- or trisubstituted by one or two SO₃H, SO₂NHC₁-C₄alkyl groups which alkyl groups may be substituted, SO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy, halogen, CF₃, NH₂, NHCOC₁-C₄alkyl, NHCOOC₁-C₄alkyl, NHCONHC₁-C₄alkyl, CO₂H, CONHC₁-C₄alkyl or NO₂;

a 1- or 2-naphthyl residue which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or two SO_3H , $\text{SO}_2\text{NHC}_1\text{-C}_4\text{alkyl}$, carboxy, $\text{CONHC}_1\text{-C}_4\text{alkyl}$, carboxy $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{alkyl}$ or carboxyaryl groups or a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic ring containing 1-3 heteroatoms and which may be benzannelated and be further substituted by $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{alkoxy}$ or halogen and which may be attached to the NH-atom in formula (2) either via the hetero- or benzo-nucleus, in the case of benzannelated heterocycles;

a derivative of barbituric acid of the formula

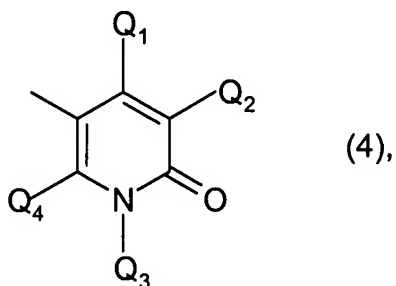


in which

Y represents O, NCN or NCONH_2 ;

a 2,4,6-triaminopyrimidine derivative;

a pyridone derivative of the formula



in which

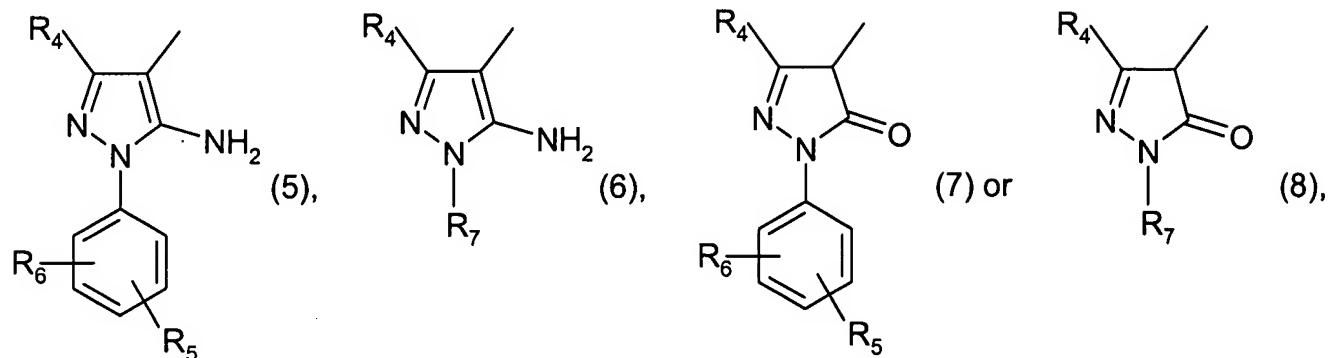
Q_1 represents hydrogen, hydroxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2\text{alkyl}$, hydroxyethyl, 2-($\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2\text{alkoxy}$)alkyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2\text{alkoxy}$, COOH , CONH_2 or $\text{COOC}_1\text{-C}_2\text{alkyl}$,

Q_2 represents hydrogen, CN, CONH_2 , halogen, SO_3H or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2\text{alkyl}$ which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, phenyl or SO_3H ,

Q_3 represents hydrogen, phenyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2\text{alkylphenyl}$, cyclohexyl or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{alkyl}$ which is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, CN, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2\text{alkoxy}$ or SO_3H and

Q₄ represents hydrogen or hydroxy;

an aminopyrazole or a pyrazolone derivative of formula



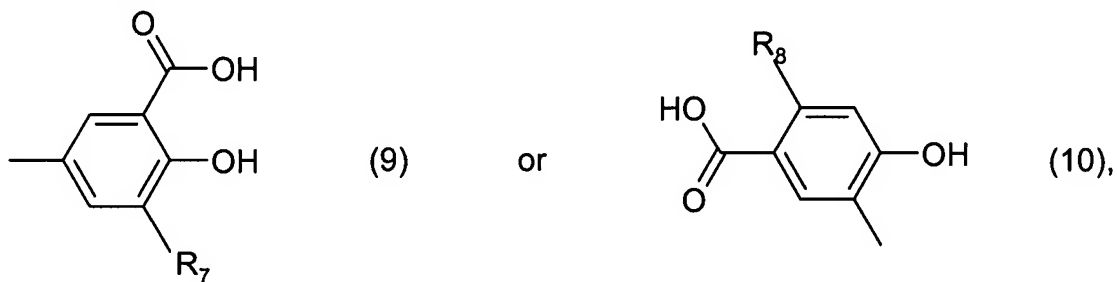
in which

R₄ represents hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₄alkyl, C₂-C₄alkenyl, NHCOC₁-C₄alkyl or CO₂H, each

R₅ and R₆, independently of the other, represent hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, SO₃H or CO₂H and R₇ represents hydrogen or C₁-C₄alkyl;

and

a benzoic acid derivative of formula



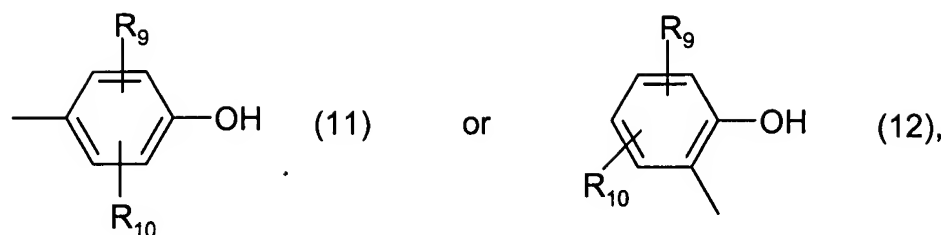
in which

R₇ represents hydrogen or C₁-C₄alkyl and

R₈ represents hydrogen or hydroxy,

or

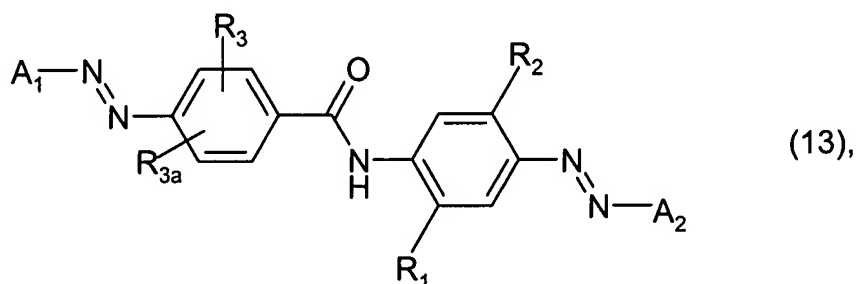
A₁ and A₂, each one independently of the other, represent a phenol residue of the formula



in which

R_9 and R_{10} , each one independently of the other, represent hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen, NH_2 , $NHCOC_1$ - C_4 alkyl, NO_2 , SO_3H , CO_2C_1 - C_4 alkyl or $CONHC_1$ - C_4 alkyl groups,

with the proviso that in compounds of formula



if

R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_{3a} each, independently of the others, are hydrogen or SO_3H , then
 A_1 and A_2 are not both a 1-phenyl or 1-sulphophenyl-3-methyl-5-aminopyrazole residue,
 or, if

R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_{3a} represent hydrogen and

A_1 is a residue of formula (9) in which

R_7 represents hydrogen or methyl, then

A_2 does not represent a 1-phenyl or 1-sulphophenyl-3-methyl- or 3-carboxy pyrazol-5-one residue
 or, if

R_1 , R_3 and R_{3a} are hydrogen and R_2 is SO_3H and one of

A_1 and A_2 represents a 1-sulphophenyl-3-methyl pyrazol-5-one residue, then the other is not a residue
 of formula (11) in which both

R_9 and R_{10} are hydrogen, or if

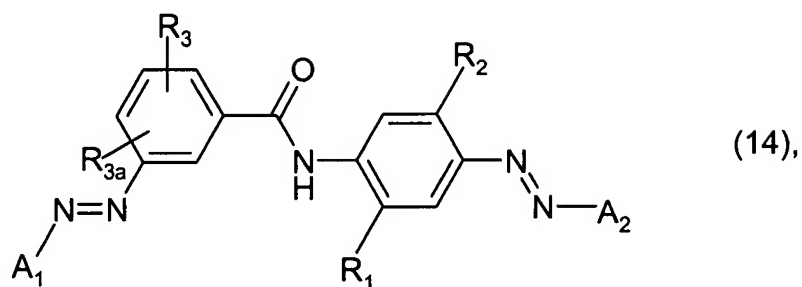
A_1 represents a 1-nitrophenyl-, a 1-phenyl- or an unsubstituted 3-methyl pyrazol-5-one residue,

A_2 is not a residue of formula (9) in which R_7 represents hydrogen, or if

R_1 , R_3 and R_{3a} represent hydrogen, R_2 is CO_2H and

A₁ represents a residue of formula (9), in which R₇ is hydrogen,
A₂ is not a residue of formula (2) or formula (7);

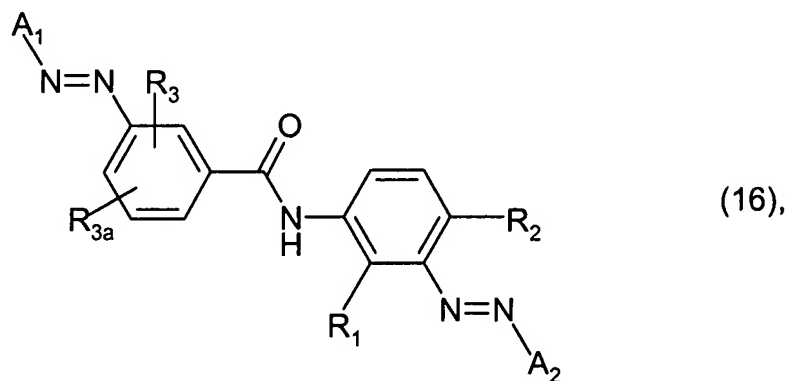
in compounds of the formula



if

R₂ represents CO₂H, R₃ represents hydroxy or methoxy and R_{3a} represents hydrogen,
A₁ and A₂ do not represent residues of formulae (2) or (7) and,

in compounds of the formula

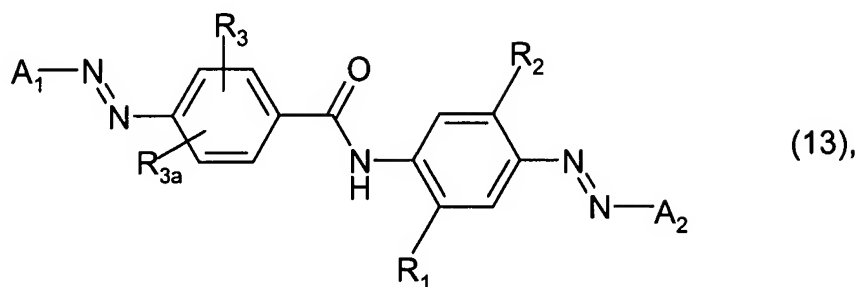


if

R₂ represents SO₃H and R₃ and R_{3a} both represent hydrogen,
A₁ and A₂ are not both 2,4-dihydroxyphenyl.

2. (original) A compound of formula (1), according to claim 1, which contains a total number of two, three or four SO₃H and/or CO₂H groups.

3. (currently amended) A compound of the formula



according to claim 1, in which

R₁ represents hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy or SO₃H,

R₂ represents SO₃H or CO₂H,

R₃ represents hydrogen, a C₁-C₄alkyl group, halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy, carboxy, NH₂ or NHC₁-C₄alkyl[[,] and

R_{3a} represents hydrogen or NH₂ and

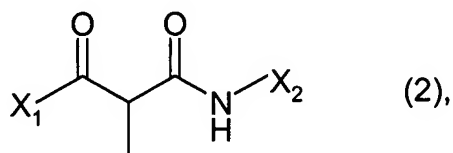
~~A₁ and A₂ are as defined in claim 1.~~

4. (currently amended) A compound of formula (13), according to claim 3, in which

R₃ and R_{3a} both represent hydrogen and

A₁ and A₂, each one independently of the other, is ~~derived from a coupling component~~ selected from the group consisting of

an acetoacetylated amine of the formula



in which

X₁ represents C₁-C₄alkyl, and

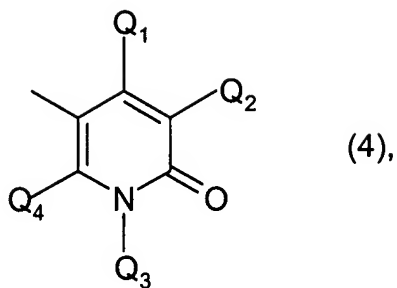
X₂ represents phenyl, which is unsubstituted, mono-, di- or trisubstituted by SO₃H, C₁-C₄alkyl, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy, halogen or CO₂H;

barbituric acid or cyanoiminobarbituric acid;

2,4,6-triaminopyrimidine;

citrazinic acid;

a pyridone derivative of the formula



in which

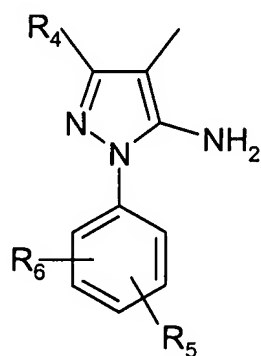
Q₁ represents C₁-C₂alkyl,

Q₂ represents CN, CONH₂ or CH₂SO₃H,

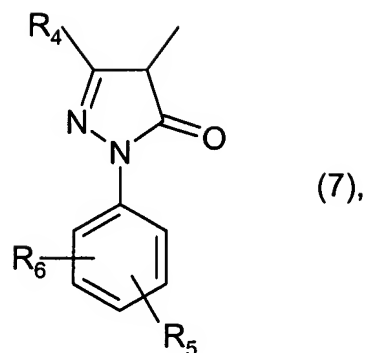
Q₃ represents C₁-C₂alkyl and

Q₄ represents hydroxy;

an aminopyrazole or a pyrazolone derivative of formula



or



in which

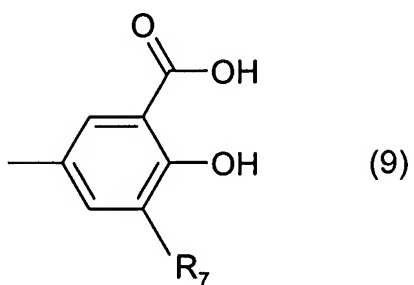
R₄ represents C₁-C₄alkyl or CO₂H,

R₅ represents hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, SO₃H or CO₂H and

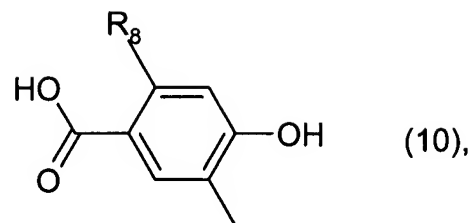
R₆ represents hydrogen;

and

a benzoic acid derivative of formula



or



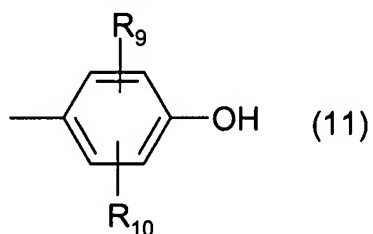
in which

R₇ represents hydrogen or C₁-C₄alkyl and

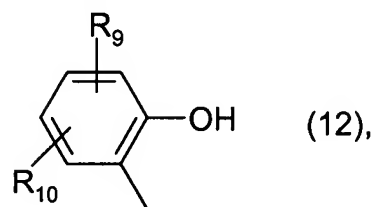
R₈ represents hydrogen or hydroxy,

or

A₁ and A₂, each one independently of the other, represent a phenol residue of the formula



or

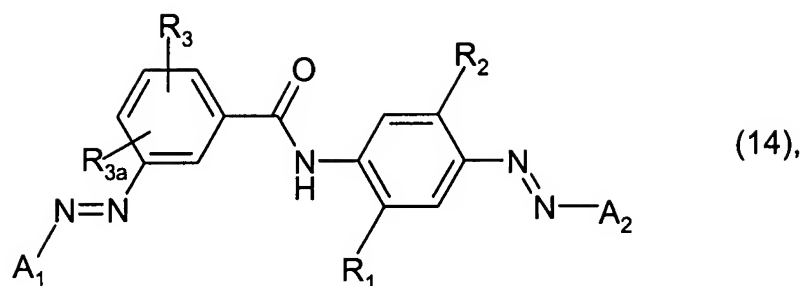


in which

R₉ represents hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen or SO₃H and

R₁₀ represents hydrogen.

5. (currently amended) A compound of formula



according to claim 1, in which

R₁ represents hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy or SO₃H,

R₂ represents SO₃H or CO₂H,

R₃ represents hydrogen, a C₁-C₄alkyl group, halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy, carboxy, NH₂ or
NHC₁-C₄alkyl[[,]] and

R_{3a} represents hydrogen or NH₂ and

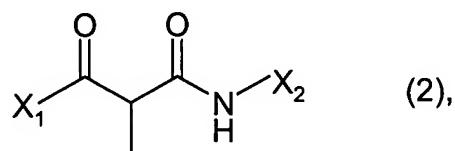
~~A₁ and A₂ are as defined in claim 4.~~

6. (currently amended) A compound of formula (14), according to claim 5, in which

R₃ and R_{3a} both represent hydrogen and

A₁ and A₂, each one independently of the other, is ~~derived from a coupling component~~ selected from
the group consisting of

an acetoacetylated amine of the formula



in which

X₁ represents C₁-C₄alkyl, and

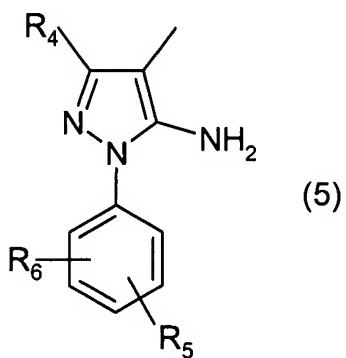
X₂ represents phenyl, which is unsubstituted, mono-, di- or trisubstituted by SO₃H,
C₁-C₄alkyl, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy, halogen or CO₂H;

barbituric acid or cyanoiminobarbituric acid;

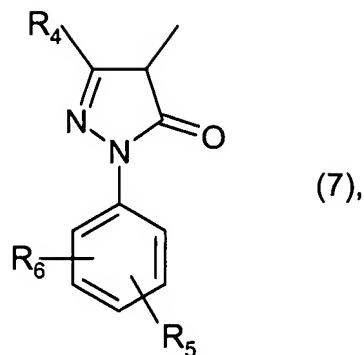
2,4,6-triaminopyrimidine;

citrazinic acid;

an aminopyrazole or a pyrazolone derivative of formula



or



in which

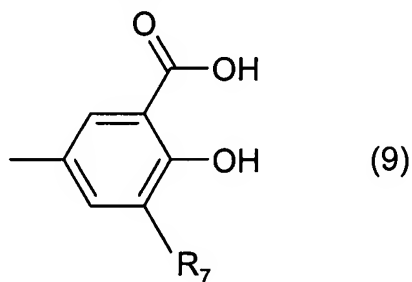
R₄ represents C₁-C₄alkyl or CO₂H,

R₅ represents hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, SO₃H or CO₂H and

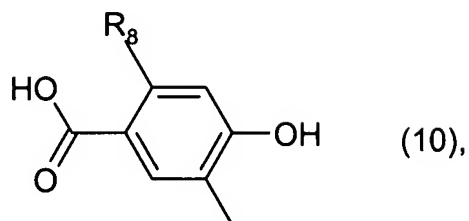
R₆ represents hydrogen;

and

a benzoic acid derivative of formula



or



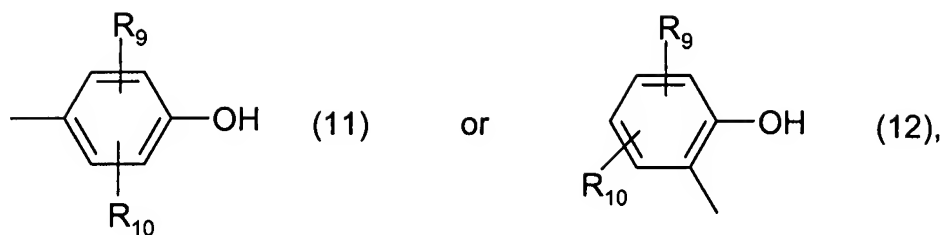
in which

R₇ represents hydrogen or C₁-C₄alkyl and

R₈ represents hydrogen or hydroxy,

or

A₁ and A₂, each one independently of the other, represent a phenol residue of the formula

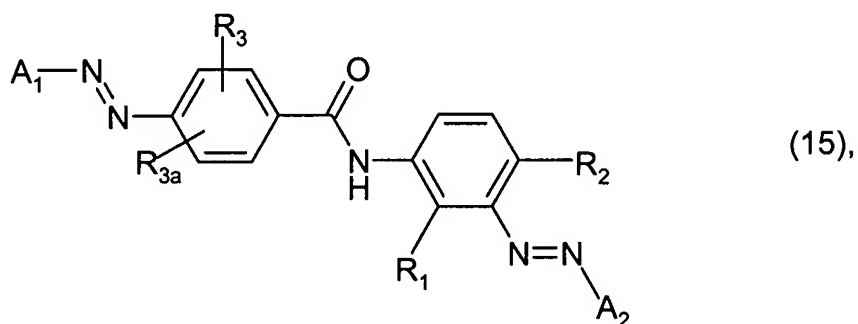


in which

R₉ represents hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen or SO₃H and

R₁₀ represents hydrogen.

7. (currently amended) A compound of formula



according to claim 1, in which

R₁ represents hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy or SO₃H,

R₂ represents SO₃H or CO₂H,

R₃ represents hydrogen, a C₁-C₄alkyl group, halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy, carboxy, NH₂ or
NHC₁-C₄alkyl[[.]] and

R_{3a} represents hydrogen or NH₂ and

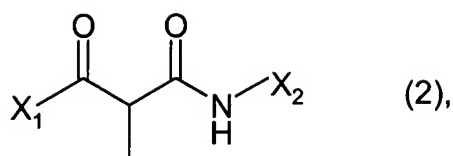
~~A₁ and A₂ are as defined in claim 1.~~

8. (currently amended) A compound of formula (15), according to claim 7, in which

R₃ and R_{3a} both represent hydrogen and

A₁ and A₂, each one independently of the other, is ~~derived from a coupling component~~ selected from
the group consisting of

an acetoacetylated amine of the formula



in which

X₁ represents C₁-C₄alkyl, and

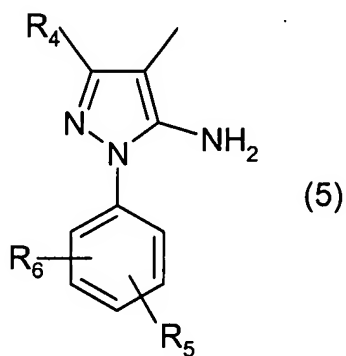
X₂ represents phenyl, which is unsubstituted, mono-, di- or trisubstituted by SO₃H, C₁-C₄alkyl, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy, halogen or CO₂H;

barbituric acid or cyanoiminobarbituric acid;

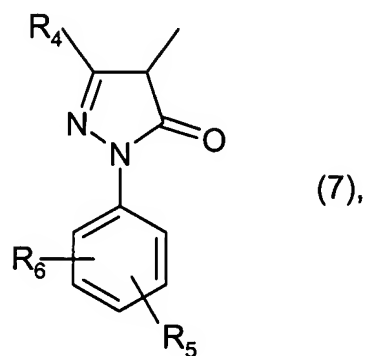
2,4,6-triaminopyrimidine;

citrazinic acid;

an aminopyrazole or a pyrazolone derivative of formula



or



in which

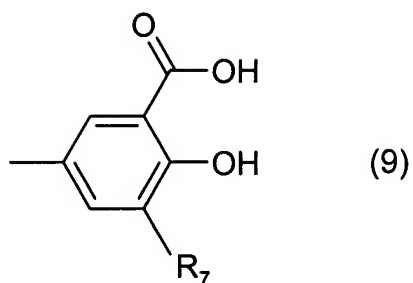
R₄ represents C₁-C₄alkyl or CO₂H,

R₅ represents hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, SO₃H or CO₂H and

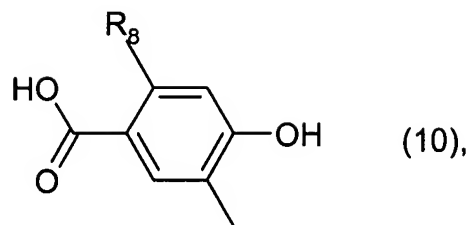
R₆ represents hydrogen;

and

a benzoic acid derivative of formula



or



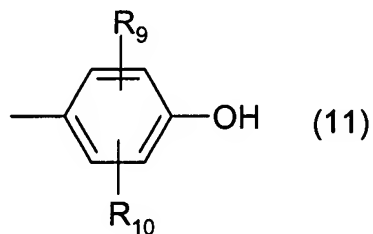
in which

R₇ represents hydrogen or C₁-C₄alkyl and

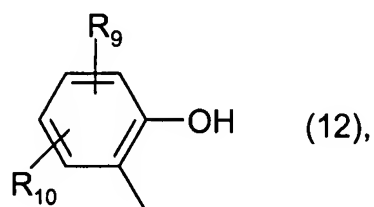
R₈ represents hydrogen or hydroxy,

or

A₁ and A₂, each one independently of the other, represent a phenol residue of the formula



or

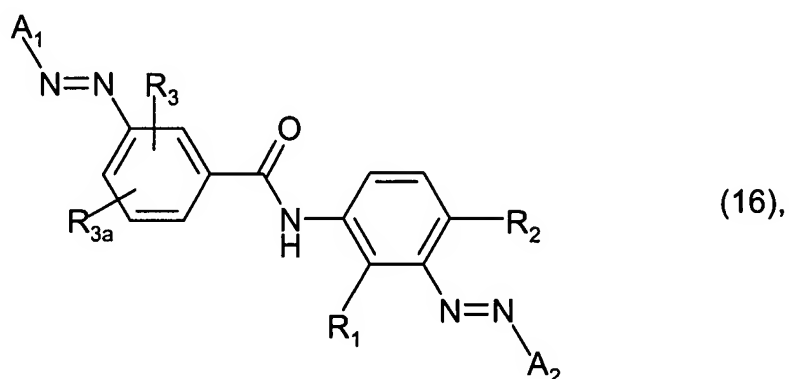


in which

R₉ represents hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen or SO₃H and

R₁₀ represents hydrogen.

9. (currently amended) A compound of formula



according to claim 1, in which

R₁ represents hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy or SO₃H,

R₂ represents SO₃H or CO₂H,

R₃ represents hydrogen, a C₁-C₄alkyl group, halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy, carboxy, NH₂ or NHC₁-C₄alkyl~~[[.]]~~ and

R_{3a} represents hydrogen or NH₂ and

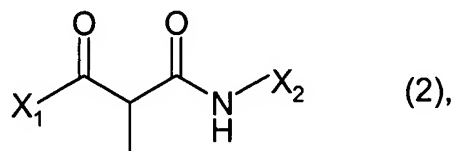
~~A₁ and A₂ are as defined in claim 1.~~

10. (currently amended) A compound of formula (16), according to claim 9, in which

R₃ and R_{3a} both represent hydrogen and

~~A₁ and A₂, each one independently of the other, is derived from a coupling component selected from the group consisting of~~

an acetoacetylated amine of the formula



in which

X₁ represents C₁-C₄alkyl, and

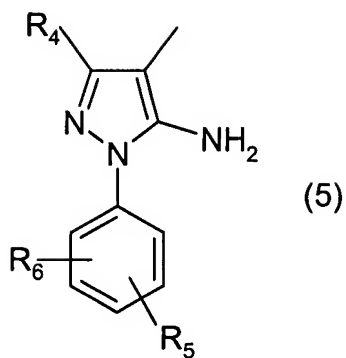
X₂ represents phenyl, which is unsubstituted, mono-, di- or trisubstituted by SO₃H, C₁-C₄alkyl, hydroxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy, halogen or CO₂H;

barbituric acid or cyanoiminobarbituric acid;

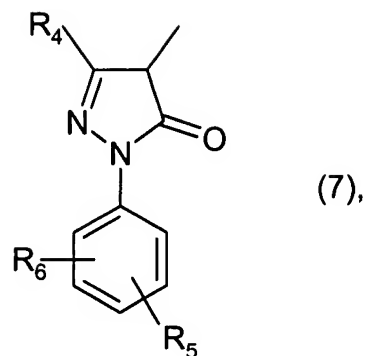
2,4,6-triaminopyrimidine;

citrazinic acid;

an aminopyrazole or a pyrazolone derivative of formula



or



in which

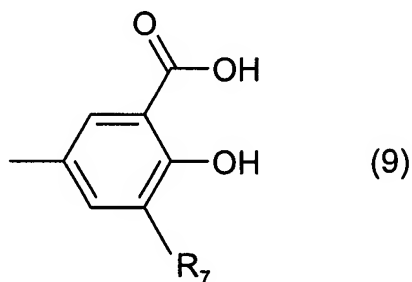
R₄ represents C₁-C₄alkyl or CO₂H,

R₅ represents hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, SO₃H or CO₂H and

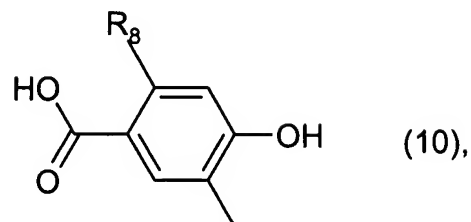
R₆ represents hydrogen;

and

a benzoic acid derivative of formula



or



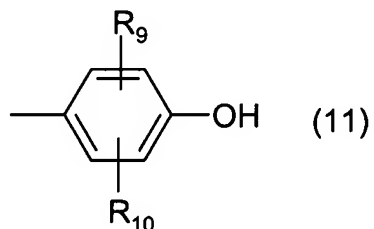
in which

R₇ represents hydrogen or C₁-C₄alkyl and

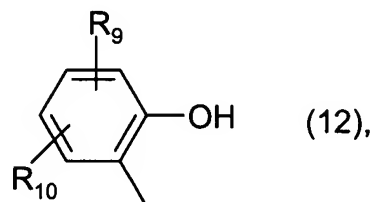
R₈ represents hydrogen or hydroxy,

or

A₁ and A₂, each one independently of the other, represent a phenol residue of the formula



or



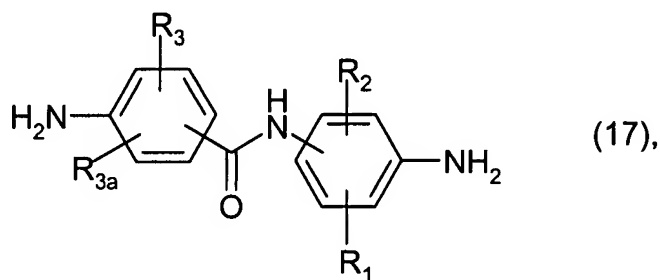
in which

R₉ represents hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen or SO₃H and

R₁₀ represents hydrogen.

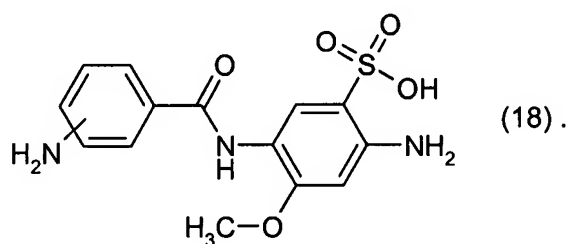
11. (currently amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (1), according to claim 1,

by tetrazotisation of a diaminobenzanilide derivative of the formula



in which R₁, R₂, R₃ and R_{3a} are as defined in claim 1 and sequential coupling with a coupling component of the formula A₁H or A₂H, followed by coupling with a coupling component of the formula A₂H or A₁H, A₂ and A₁ being as defined in claim 1.

12. (original) A compound of the formula



13. (previously presented) A process for the preparation of compound (18), according to claim 12, by reaction of 2-methoxy-4-nitroaniline-5-sulphonic acid with the appropriate nitrobenzoyl halide, followed by reduction of the resulting dinitrobenzanilide.

14. (canceled)

15. (previously presented) A process for dyeing natural or synthetic materials, comprising contacting said materials with a tinctorially effective amount of a compound of the formula (1) according to claim 1, and, optionally, further auxiliaries.

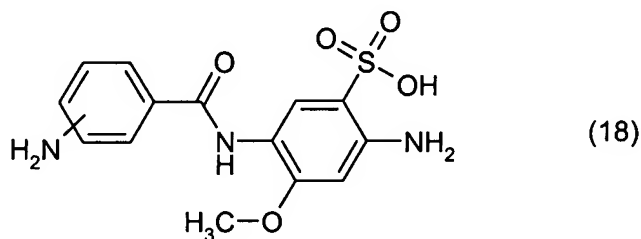
16. (original) A solid dye preparation for dyeing paper, comprising a compound of the formula (1) according to claim 1, and, optionally, further auxiliaries.

17. (original) Aqueous solutions for dyeing paper, comprising a compound of the formula (1), according to claim 1, and, optionally, further auxiliaries.

18. (original) Aqueous solutions according to claim 17 containing, as further auxiliaries, solubilizers and/or organic solvents.

19. (previously presented) Paper which is dyed with a compound of the formula (1), according to claim 1.

20. (currently amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (1), according to claim 1, by tetrazotisation of a diaminobenzanilide derivative of the formula



and sequential coupling with a coupling component of the formula A_1H or A_2H , followed by coupling with a coupling component of the formula A_2H or A_1H ~~[[,]] A_2 and A_1 being as defined in claim 1.~~